IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF THE 44TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA COUNTY OF SULLIVAN

COMMONWEALTH	:
V. Defendant	: : : NO. 20CR
WRITTE	N GUILTY PLEA COLLOQUY
crimes charged against you. This pap the questions go over your rights unde By pleading guilty, you give up many of your rights before pleading guilty. Plea question. If you do not understand the	icated that you may want to plead to some or all of the per lists questions connected with your guilty plea. Many of er the law as a person charged with a crime or with crimes. of these rights. It is important, then, that you understand ase read each question carefully and then answer the equestion, mark that down by the question. When you is on a page, put your initials in the space at the bottom of of the questions, sign the last page.
rights mentioned in this paper, go to y	not understand, or if you do not believe you understand the your attorney so that he/she can explain the question or the Judge to explain your rights to you when you go before
To Defense Counsel: It is your prior to appearing before the Court for	r responsibility to see that this form is properly completed r acceptance of the plea.
	Initals

1.	what is your full name?
2.	How old are you today?
3.	How far did you go in school?
4.	Can you read, write and understand the English language? Yes No
5.	Are you now being treated for a mental illness? Yes No
6.	If the answer to No. 5 is yes, explain the details. If the answer is no, go to question no. 8.
7.	If you are now being treated for a mental illness, do you still feel that you are able to understand what you are doing today? Yes No
8.	Do you know what crime or crimes are charged against you? Yes No
9.	Each crime has a number of elements to it. Did your attorney (your lawyer) explain to you the elements of the crime or crimes that you are pleading guilty to? Yes No
10.	When a person is charged with a crime, he has a right to defend himself in a trial by jury. Do you understand this? Yes No
11.	To defend yourself in a trial by jury, you would have to plead <u>not</u> guilty. Do you understand this? Yes No
12.	By pleading guilty, you admit you committed the crime charged and you give up your right to a trial by jury. Do you understand this? Yes No
13.	Do you understand that if you are convicted of a misdemeanor crime involving violence where you are or were a spouse, intimate partner, parent or guardian of the victim, or are or were involved in another, similar relationship with the victim, it may be unlawful for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a handgun or long gun, or ammunition, pursuant to federal law under 18 U.S.C. §922 (g)(8) and/or state tribal, territorial or local law. If you have any questions whether these laws make it illegal for you to possess or purchase a firearm, you should consult an attorney. Yes

14.	attorney. You would those challenges to	I have a number of pre remove any potential	ht to help select the jury with your emptory challenges and you can use juror for any reason, or no reason, selected to be your jury. Do you
	Yes	No	
15.		ty prospective jurors, a	ve a jury trial, the judge will send for a all drawn at random from the voter
	Yes	No	<u>.</u>
16.		/ jury, the jury determir ed against you. Do you	nes whether you are guilty or innocent understand this?
	Yes	No	
17.	guilty. The Common must prove every el- you have committed	nwealth of Pennsylvani ement of each crime o	ou are innocent until you are proven a represented by the District Attorney or crimes charged against you and that beyond a reasonable doubt before you ese things?
	Yes	No	
18.	yourself. If you do no	ot say anything at trial, ill instruct the jury that	ing at trial or do anything to defend , this cannot be held or used against this is the law which they are obligated
	Yes	No	
19.			lve (12) people on the jury must agree bubt. Do you understand this?
	Yes	No	
20.	cautious person to p		t would cause an ordinary sensible, matter of highest importance or interest nis?
	Yes	No	10.25

21. If the jury deliberating upon my case could not decide in a unanimous fashion (all twelve (12) of them) as to either your guilt or innocence, this would constitute a hung jury. In the case of a hung jury on any particular charge or charges the

	Commonwealth generally has the right to retry you on any hung jury charge or charges, although you may not be retried on any not guilty finding or findings rendered by the jury. Do you understand this?
	Yes No
22.	If you wish to defend yourself and plead not guilty, you may also request a trial before a judge instead of by a jury. In that case, there is no jury, and the judge decides whether you are guilty or innocent. As in a jury trial, the District Attorney must prove you guilty of each element of the crime or crimes charged against you beyond a reasonable doubt. Do you understand your right to a non-jury trial?
	Yes No
23.	Do you understand by pleading guilty you give up your right to a trial, either by jury or before a judge?
	Yes No
24.	By pleading guilty, you also give up the right to challenge the evidence the District Attorney wants to bring against you. If the District Attorney has physical objects or other evidence it has taken from you, or if you made any statements or confessions to the police, (or if there are witnesses who identified you to the police) you can challenge the use of this evidence at a hearing before the trial starts. The District Attorney has the burden of showing that it may use this evidence against you. Do you understand that when you plead guilty, you give up this right to challenge the use of this evidence against you?
	Yes No
25.	If you go to trial and if you are convicted you have the right to appeal the verdict to a higher court. Do you understand this?
	Yes No
26.	If you are successful in appealing a verdict of guilty after the trial, the verdict could be overturned and either you would be set free or you would be able to have another trial. Do you understand this and that you would be giving up these rights by pleading guilty?
	Yes No
27.	But if you do plead guilty, you give up your right to appeal your guilty plea except on three (3) grounds: 1.) That the guilty plea was not made voluntarily or you did not understand what you were doing when you plead guilty. 2.) That the court could not accept your guilty plea because this court did not have jurisdiction over the case. 3.) That the judge's sentence is unlawful or improper. Do you understand these grounds of appeal?

	Yes	No	
28.	either before you are it is much more difficutoes allow you to with against you. If the couappeal that decision to sentenced. Do you use	sentenced or withir ult to withdraw your ndraw your guilty plourt ort does not allow you o the Superior Coul	the court to withdraw your guilty plea in ten (10) days after you are sentenced. If guilty plea after sentence. If the court lea, then you go to trial on the charges you to withdraw your guilty plea, you may art within thirty (30) days after you are
29.	the crimes charged ag		ou what sentences you can receive for
30.	judge does not have t judge rejects the plea plea cannot be mentiounderstand this?	o accept the plea a agreement, you wi	elea agreement, you should know that the agreement if he feels it is improper. If the ill go to trial where your attempted guilty enter into a different plea. Do you
31.	have witnesses testify (face) and cross-exan plead guilty, the Distri you, and the Judge w	y for you, and you w nine all of the prose ct Attorney will be a	ng guilty, you would have had the right to would have had the right to confront ecution witnesses against you. But if you able to briefly give its evidence against ue. Do you understand this?
32.	some or all of the crim		
33.	Has anybody forced y Yes		
34.	Are you doing this of Yes	your own free will? No	
35.	Have any threats bee	n made to you to e	
36.	plea agreement made	e by you or your atto	o enter a plea of guilty other than any corney? on of the charge(s) to which you are

37.	Yes No
38.	Have you had enough time to talk to your attorney before reading this paper and entering your plea of guilty? Yes No
39.	Has your attorney gone over with you the meaning of the questions in this paper? Yes No
40.	Has your attorney explained to you the questions you did not understand? Yes No
41.	Are you presently on probation or parole? Yes No
42.	If you are on probation or parole do you realize that your plea of guilty may mean a violation of that probation and parole and you can be sentenced to prison as a result of that violation caused by your guilty plea today? Yes No
43.	Do you understand that decision to enter a guilty plea is yours and yours alone; that you do not have to enter a plea of guilty and give up all your rights as previously explained to you; that no one can force you to enter a guilty plea? Yes No
44.	I also understand I will be subject to immediate detention and incarceration as well as bail revocation proceedings under any of the following circumstances:
	 a.) I have a positive urinalysis test for controlled substances; b.) I initiate any physical or verbal contact either directly or through a third party with any victim of the crime in this matter; a.) I sample a pay original offense for which a prime facia case has been a prime facia case has been a prime facial case has been a prime facial case has been an experimental offense for which a prime facial case has been appreciated.
	 c.) I commit a new criminal offense for which a prima facia case has been established at a preliminary hearing; d.) Any other condition of bail is violated by me.
	Initials
45.	Has your attorney explained to you that the plea you are entering is considered an "open" plea, meaning that the sentence will be determined entirely by the judge and that no agreement has been made with the Commonwealth concerning the duration of a possible incarceration?
	Yes No

46.	Has your attorney explained to you that once you enter this guilty plea, you ha no absolute right to withdraw or change it unless the judge gives his approval based upon a finding that you have a fair and just reason to withdraw or chang the plea?			
	Yes	No		
47.	recommendations made by	ed to you that being unsatisfied with the sentenci by the probation department or any other person values or you to change or withdraw this plea that	will not	
	Yes	No		
48.	you at a later time and with	ed to you that a mere assertion of innocence mad hout at least some legal or factual support will no reason justifying an attempt to withdraw this guilt	ot be	
	Yes	No		
49.	Has your attorney in anywa	ay forced you to enter this guilty plea?		
	Yes	No		
	MY CURRENT ADDRESS	S IS:		
		A AND SECTION OF THE		
	THE TELEPHONE NUMBI	ER WHERE I CAN BE REACHED IS:		

DEFENDANT'S AFFIRMATION & VERIFICATION

I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE READ THE ABOVE PAPER COMPLETELY AND I UNDERSTAND ITS FULL MEANING AND I STILL WANT TO ENTER A PLEA OF GUILTY TO THE CRIMES SPECIFIED. BY ENTERING THIS GUILTY PLEA I ADMIT THAT I AM, IN FACT, GUILTY OF THE CRIMES TO WHICH I AM PLEADING GUILTY. I FURTHER AFFIRM THAT MY SIGNATURE AND INITIALS ON EACH PAGE OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE TRUE AND CORRECT.

I further depose affirm and attest that I have read and completed the foregoing GUILTY PLEA COLLOQUY and that the answers and facts contained in herein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

I understand that answers, facts and statements made in this GUILTY PLEA COLLOQUY are made subject to the provisions and penalties of 18 Pa. C.S.A. §4904 relating to unsworn falsification to authorities.

DEFENDANT	DATE
DEFENSE ATTORNEY'S CERTIF	ICATION
l,	, Attorney
for	,state that I
have advised my client of the meaning of this document; that	at it is my belief that
he/she comprehends and understands the questions and wl	hat is set forth above;
and that the defendant understands what he/she is doing by	pleading guilty.
,	, 33

ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT

List below the case number(s), charge(s), statutory citation of the charge(s), grading of each offense, minimum/maximum fine and minimum/maximum sentence to which the Defendant is tendering a plea of guilty.

			Case#(s)
			Charges(s)
			Statutory Citation
			Grading
			Min./Max Fine
			Min./Max Sentence